



FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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FINANCIAL SECTION	<u>Page</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	1 – 3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	4
Statement of Activities	5 and 6
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	7
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Governmental Funds	9
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	10
General Fund – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Budget and Actual	11
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net	
Position – Proprietary Fund	13
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Fund	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	17
Notes to Financial Statements	18 – 37
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	38
Schedule of City Contributions – Retirement Plan	
Schedule of Investment Returns – Retirement Plan	40
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	41
Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	42
Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Fire Department Fund	40
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	43
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Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Forfeiture Account Fund	
Schedule of Expenditures of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax	45



FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

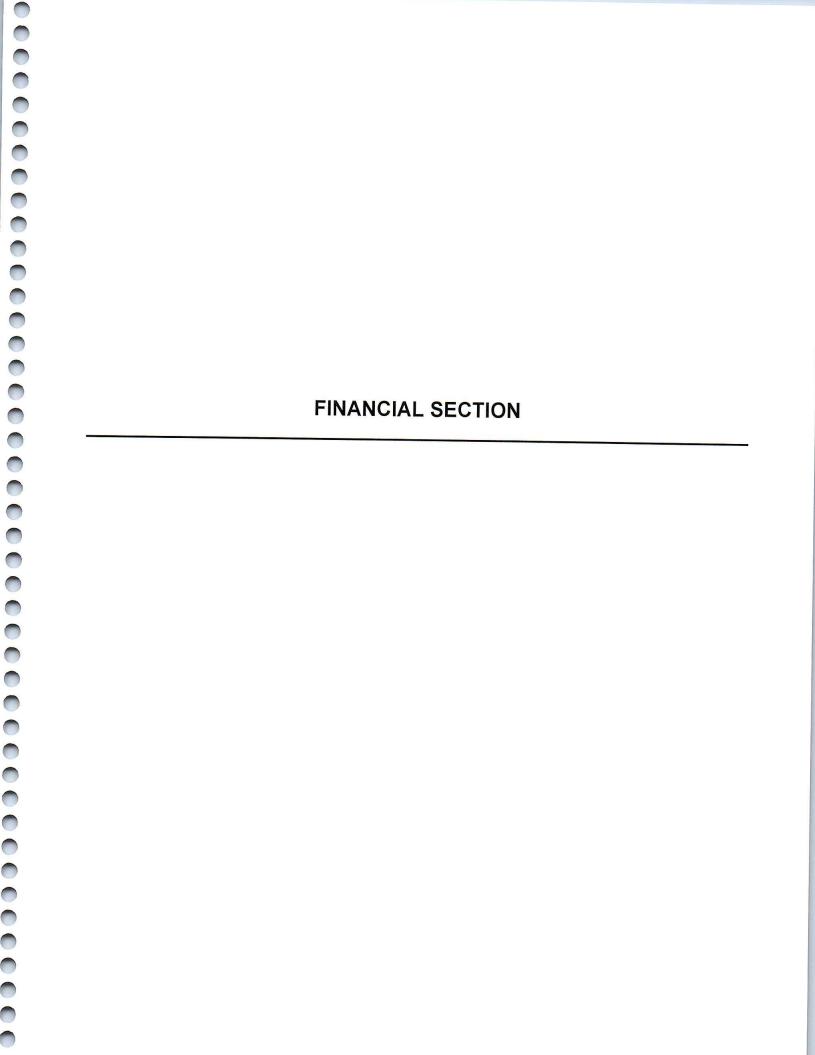
TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

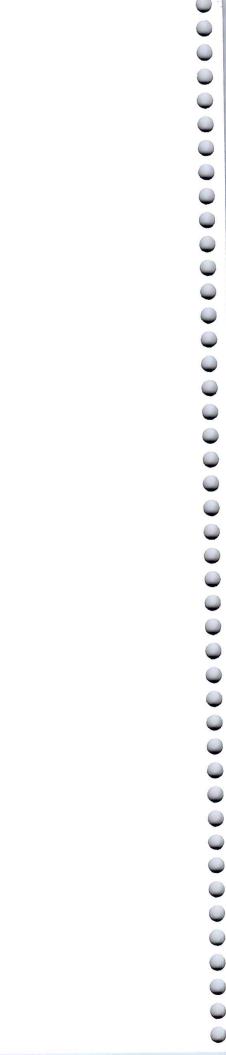
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COMPLIANCE SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and	
on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards46	and 47
Schedule of Findings and Responses48	and 49
Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings	50

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Bloomingdale, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **City of Bloomingdale, Georgia** (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

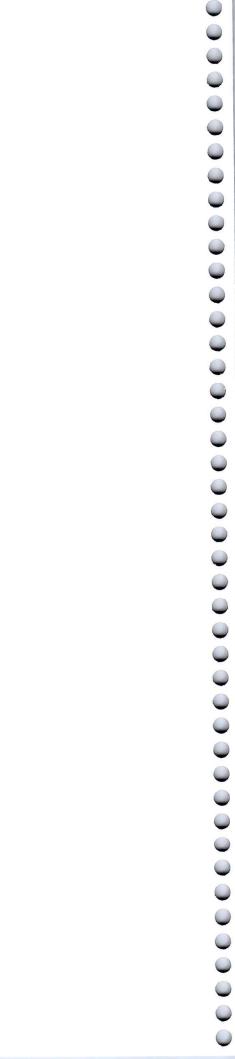
Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (on page 38), the Schedule of City Contributions – Retirement Plan (on page 39), and the Schedule of Investment Returns – Retirement Plan (on page 40), be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds is presented for purpose of additional analysis as required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated ("O.C.G.A.") §48-8-121, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 22, 2021 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Genkins, LLC

Savannah, Georgia April 22, 2021



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Primary Government								
ASSETS	Go		siness-type						
AGGETO	·	Activities	(Activities	-	Total			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,469,167	\$	1,611,056	\$	5,080,223			
Receivables, net	•	426,145	•	88,786	Ψ	514,93			
Due from other governments		6,298		-		6,29			
Internal balances		356,155		(356, 155)		0,23			
Restricted assets, cash and cash equivalents		20,308		54,497		74,80			
Capital assets				01,107		74,00			
Non-depreciable		1,194,403		59,335		1,253,738			
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		4,835,112		2,573,617		7,408,729			
	-	.,,	_	2,070,017		7,400,723			
Total assets	-	10,307,588		4,031,136		14,338,724			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Pension		58,057		2,485		60,542			
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable		44,382		7,996		52,378			
Accrued liabilities		76,168		2,222		78,390			
Customer deposits		20,308		54,497		74,805			
Compensated absences due within one year		43,433		591		44.024			
Compensated absences due in more than one year		53,085		722		53,807			
Net pension liability due in more than one year		146,221		6,258		152,479			
Total liabilities		383,597		72,286		455,883			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Pension		49,579		2,122	7	51,701			
NET POSITION									
nvestment in capital assets		6,029,515		2,632,952		8,662,467			
Restricted for capital projects		817,717		_,002,002		817,717			
Restricted for public safety		1,402				1,402			
Inrestricted		3,083,835		1,326,261		4,410,096			
Total net position	\$	9,932,469	\$	3,959,213	s	13,891,682			

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

					Progra	am Revenues		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary government								
Governmental activities		4 000 044	•	34,733	\$	_	\$	_
General government	\$	1,206,041	\$		Ф	136,730	Ψ	
Public safety		1,850,510		863,592				405 540
Public works		1,160,577		543,057		55,721		425,516
Judicial		56,444		-		. 		-
Culture and recreation		278,799		44,126		=		-
Housing and development		55,991		-		(=)		
Total governmental activities		4,608,362		1,485,508		192,451		425,516
Business-type activities								222.007
Water and sewer		691,647		646,921	N	-		332,097
Total business-type activities		691,647		646,921				332,097
Total primary government	\$	5,300,009	\$	2,132,429	\$	192,451	\$	757,613

General revenues

Sales taxes for general purposes
Intangible, transfer and franchise taxes
Alcoholic beverage taxes
Unrestricted investment earnings
Gain on sale of capital assets
Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position Net position, beginning of year Net position, end of year

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

G	overnmental		ısiness-type		all the second			
	Activities		Activities	Total				
\$	(1,171,308)	\$	15	\$	(1,171,308)			
	(850,188)		350		(850,188)			
	(136,283)		170		(136,283)			
	(56,444)		(7)		(56,444)			
	(234,673)		-		(234,673)			
	(55,991)	_	.=:		(55,991)			
	(2,504,887)		-	-	(2,504,887)			
			207 274		207 274			
	<u>-</u>	7	287,371 287,371		287,371 287,371			
	(2,504,887)	-	287,371		(2,217,516)			
	(2,304,007)		207,071		(2,217,010)			
	328,951		: -		328,951			
	1,049,401		-		1,049,401			
	295,190				295,190			
	19,546		9,338		28,884			
	5,546		-		5,546			
	189,616		53,881		243,497			
	5,389		(5,389)		-			
	1,893,639		57,830	_	1,951,469			
	(611,248)		345,201		(266,047)			
	10,543,717		3,614,012		14,157,729			
\$	9,932,469	\$	3,959,213	\$	13,891,682			

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS		General Fund		SPLOST Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Inventories Due from other funds Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,738,344 308,757 6,298 367,352 20,308	\$	719,033 117,388 - 11,526	\$	11,790 - - - -	\$	3,469,167 426,145 6,298 378,878 20,308	
Total assets	\$	3,441,059	\$	847,947	\$	11,790	\$	4,300,796	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES									
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	44,343	\$	39	\$	-	\$	44,382	
Accrued liabilities		76,168		=		-		76,168	
Customer deposits		20,308		-		-		20,308	
Due to other funds		11,526				11,197		22,723	
Total liabilities		152,345		39		11,197		163,581	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenue - taxes	-	62,000		30,191				92,191	
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable: Inventories		6,298		-		<u>~</u>		6,298	
Restricted for:									
Capital projects		-		817,717		-		817,717	
Public safety		-				1,402		1,402	
Unassigned	-	3,220,416				(809)		3,219,607	
Total fund balances		3,226,714		817,717		593		4,045,024	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources and fund balances	\$	3,441,059	\$	847,947	\$	11,790	\$	4,300,796	

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Total governmental fund balances.	\$ 4,045,024
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	6,029,515
Certain long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Compensated absences Net pension liability	(96,518) (146,221)
Certain pension related deferred outflows and inflows are not reported in the funds.	8,478
Certain revenues are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.	 92,191
Net position of governmental activities.	\$ 9,932,469

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

					Non	major		Total
		General		SPLOST	Gover	nmental	Go	vernmental
		Fund		Fund	Funds		Funds	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	1,643,351	\$	5 2	\$	=	\$	1,643,351
Licenses and permits		34,733		2 9		_		34,733
Intergovernmental		192,451		419,851		(20)		612,302
Fines and forfeitures		357,662		= 9		=		357,662
Charges for services		1,089,932				3,181		1,093,113
Interest income		19,546		5,665		-		25,211
Other revenues		175,792		13,299		525	7	189,616
Total revenues		3,513,467		438,815		3,706		3,955,988
Expenditures								
Current:		070 000						070 000
General government		672,928		— s		-		672,928
Judicial		56,444		max.		-		56,444
Public safety		1,761,489		<u>110</u> 9		4,510		1,765,999
Public works		916,404		=		-		916,404
Culture and recreation		209,059		=:		-		209,059
Housing and development		55,991		- 10 00-		-		55,991
Capital outlay				546,995			-	546,995
Total expenditures		3,672,315	_	546,995		4,510		4,223,820
Deficiency of revenues						DE 12 7937		
under expenditures		(158,848)		(108,180)		(804)		(267,832)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		2,750		=		-		2,750
Transfers in		240		6,500		-		6,740
Transfers out		(1,351)		-		=		(1,351)
Total other financing sources, net		1,639		6,500		_	8	8,139
3					1			
Net change in fund balances		(157,209)		(101,680)		(804)		(259,693)
Fund balances, beginning of year	1	3,383,923		919,397	:	1,397	81	4,304,717
Fund balances, end of year	\$	3,226,714	\$	817,717	\$	593	\$	4,045,024

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

\$ (259,693)
55,697
(457,430)
30,191
24
19,963
\$ (611,248)
\$

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GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget				Variance With			
	-	Original		Final		Actual	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues			2		120	0.00.00.0000	6	2 22 2 2
Taxes	\$	1,433,960	\$	1,433,960	\$	1,643,351	\$	209,391
Licenses and permits		34,200		34,200		34,733		533
Intergovernmental		86,190		86,190		192,451		106,261
Fines and forfeitures		691,000		691,000		357,662		(333,338)
Interest		12,500		12,500		19,546		7,046
Charges for services		1,019,175		1,019,175		1,089,932		70,757
Miscellaneous	-	129,606		129,606	-	175,792		46,186
Total revenues		3,406,631		3,406,631		3,513,467		106,836
Expenditures								
Current								
General government:								
Mayor and council		16,300		16,300		16,569		(269)
Administration		555,930		555,930		656,359		(100,429)
Total general government		572,230		572,230	-	672,928		(100,698)
Judicial:		50.004		50.004		50 444		(50)
Municipal court	(-	56,394	-	56,394	-	56,444	-	(50)
Total judicial	-	56,394		56,394		56,444	-	(50)
Public safety: Police		1,296,245		1,296,245		1,397,909		(101 664)
Fire		348,234		348,234		363,580		(101,664) (15,346)
Total public safety	u r -	1,644,479	-	1,644,479		1,761,489	***	(117,010)
Public works:								
Public maintenance		824,153		824,153		916,404		(92,251)
Total public works		824,153		824,153		916,404		(92,251)
Culture and recreation:								
Recreation		245,278		245,278		209,059		36,219
Total culture and recreation	-	245,278		245,278		209,059		36,219
Housing and development:								
Building and zoning Total housing and development		31,694		31,694 31,694		55,991 55,991	-	(24,297)
,	-		-					
Total expenditures	•	3,374,228		3,374,228	-	3,672,315		(298,087)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		32,403	-	32,403		(158,848)		(191,251)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		5,000		5,000		2,750		(2,250)
Transfers in		-		72		240		240
Transfers out		=		2 <u>2</u>		(1,351)		(1,351)
Total other financing sources (uses)		5,000		5,000		1,639		(3,361)
Net change in fund balances		37,403		37,403		(157,209)		(194,612)
Fund balances, beginning of year	-	3,383,923		3,383,923		3,383,923		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	3,421,326	\$	3,421,326	\$	3,226,714	\$	(194,612)

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS	Water and Sewer Fund
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Total current assets	\$ 1,611,056 54,497 88,786 1,754,339
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Capital assets Non-depreciable Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation Total non-current assets	59,335 2,573,617 2,632,952
Total assets	4,387,291
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension	2,485
LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES, PAYABLE FROM CURRENT ASSETS Accounts payable Other accrued liabilities Due to other funds Current portion of compensated absences Total current liabilities, payable from current assets	7,996 2,222 356,155 591 366,964
CURRENT LIABILITIES, PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS Customer deposits Total current liabilities, payable from restricted assets	54,497 54,497
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES Compensated absences Net pension liability Total long-term liabilities Total liabilities	722 6,258 6,980 428,441
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension	2,122
NET POSITION	
Investment in capital assets Unrestricted Total net position	2,632,952 1,326,261 \$ 3,959,213

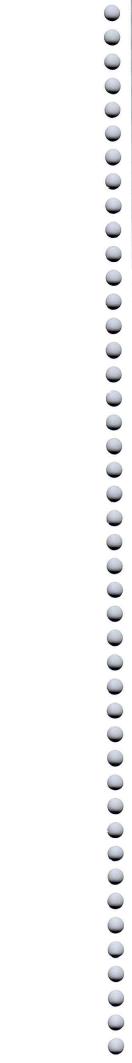
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Water and
OPERATING REVENUE	S	ewer Fund
Water charges	\$	285,444
Sewer charges	(T	361,477
Other income		53,881
Total operating revenues		700,802
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Water operating expenses:		
Personal services		89,205
Purchased and contracted services		60,874
Materials and supplies Interfund charges		31,619
Depreciation		45,077 57,115
Total operating expenses - water	-	283,890
		200,000
Sewer operating expenses:		
Personal services		98,111
Purchased and contracted services Materials and supplies		77,8 <mark>35</mark> 82,875
Interfund charges		45,076
Depreciation		70,197
Amortization		33,663
Total operating expenses - sewer		407,757
Total operating expenses		691,647
Operating income		9,155
NON-OPERATING REVENUES		
Interest income		9,338
Total non-operating revenues		9,338
Income before capital contributions and transfers		18,493
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	-	332,097
TRANSFERS		
Transfers out		(6,740)
Transfers in		1,351
Total transfers		(5,389)
Change in net position		345,201
Net position, beginning of year		3,614,012
Net position, end of year	\$	3,959,213

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Water and Sewer Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 722,689 (449,037) (189,405)
Net cash provided by operating activities	84,247
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers out Transfers in	(6,740) 1,351
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities	(5,389)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital contributions	332,097
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	332,097
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received	9,338
Net cash provided by investing activities	9,338
Net increase in cash	420,293
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,245,260
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,665,553
Classified as Cash and cash equivalents Restricted current cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,611,056 54,497 \$ 1,665,553

(Continued)



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Water and Sewer Fund
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash	
provided by operating activities	
Operating income	\$ 9,155
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	
cash provided by operating activities	
Depreciation and amortization	160,975
Change in assets and liabilities:	
Decrease in accounts receivable	6,751
Decrease in due from other funds	32,581
Increase in deferred outflows of resources	(1,026)
Increase in accounts payable	2,494
Decrease in accrued liabilities	(1,145)
Increase in customer deposits	15,136
Increase in compensated absences	233
Decrease in due to other funds	(139,611)
Increase in net pension liability	2,083
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources	(3,379)
Net cash provided by operating	1
activities	\$ 84,247

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STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2020

	Employees' Retirement Program Pension Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 36,963
Investments, at fair value	
Exchange traded funds	1,741,686
Total assets	\$ 1,778,649
NET POSITION	
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ 1,778,649

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CITY OF BLOOMINGDALE, GEORGIA

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

ADDITIONS Contributions:	Employees' Retirement Program Pension Fund
Employer	\$ 180,744
Total contributions	Ψ 100,744
Total contributions	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	38,051
Investment income	38,311
Net investment earnings	76,362
Total additions	257,106
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits paid to participants	103,209
Administrative expense	13,041
Total deductions	116,250
Change in net position	140,856
Net position, beginning of year	1,637,793
Net position, end of year	\$ 1,778,649

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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CITY OF BLOOMINGDALE, GEORGIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Bloomingdale, Georgia (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and six-member governing council (the "Council"). The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government. Currently, the City has no blended component units. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City. Currently, the City has no discretely presented component units.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units.

For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, however interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Government-wide financial statements do not provide information by fund, but distinguish between the City's governmental activities and business-type activities.

Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services. The statement of net position includes non-current assets and non-current liabilities. In addition, the government-wide statement of activities reflects depreciation expense on the City's capital assets.



NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not considered program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

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NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Fund ("SPLOST") is used to account for the revenues and expenditures relating to the 1% Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the activities necessary to provide water and sewer services to the City's residents.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The special revenue funds account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

The pension trust fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges for services provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges for goods and services provided. Operating expenses of the enterprise funds include the cost of these goods and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.



NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Budgets

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all funds. The budgets for the proprietary funds are for management control purposes and are not required to be reported. Budgets of governmental funds are adopted on a modified accrual basis, which is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental funds. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Encumbrance accounting (under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation) is not employed by the City.

E. Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes authorize the City to invest in the following: 1) obligations of Georgia or any other state; 2) obligations of the United States; 3) obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the United States government or one of its agencies; 4) obligations of any corporation of the United States government; 5) prime bankers' acceptances; 6) the State of Georgia local government investment pool; 7) repurchase agreements; and 8) obligations of any other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia. Any investment or deposit in excess of the federal depository insured amounts must be collateralized by an equivalent amount of state or U.S. obligations. Investments are reported at fair value.

F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

G. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2020, are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are accounted for using the consumption method.

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NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and system	50
Improvements other than buildings	20
Machinery and equipment	5 – 30
Vehicles	6
Infrastructure	10 – 65

I. Compensated Absences

Employees earn vacation leave at the rate of six days per year for the first year of service up to a maximum of 25 days per year after five years of service. A maximum of twenty days may be carried over into an employee's next service year. Any unused, accrued vacation leave in excess of twenty days from service year to service year will be forfeited. Employees resigning voluntarily and in good standing will be paid for earned but unused vacation leave. All vacation leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Employees accrue personal leave at the rate of four hours per month to a maximum of forty-eight hours per year. Employees are allowed to carry 80 to 160 hours personal leave based on year of services. An employee who resigns or is discharged from City service will not be paid for any unused personal leave. The City does not record a liability for vested personal leave benefits. Expenses are recognized in the financial statements at the time of payment.

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NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable discount or premium. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred.

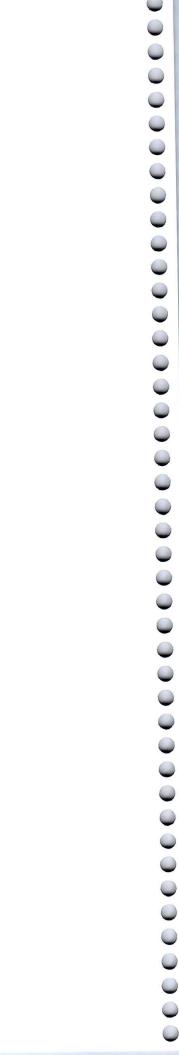
In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

K. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets and liabilities under the current financial resources measurement focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash), or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Committed Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council through the adoption of a resolution. Only the City Council may modify or rescind the commitment.



NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Fund Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance - (Continued)

- Assigned Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.
- Unassigned Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the
 balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund
 balance only in the General Fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all
 funds.

Flow Assumptions – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned, and 3) unassigned.

Net Position – Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities in reporting which utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the City has spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted using the same definition as used for restricted fund balance as described in the section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available.

L. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and, therefore, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has one item that qualified for reporting in this category. The net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments is deferred and amortized against pension expense over a five-year period, resulting in recognition as a deferred outflow of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and, therefore, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category, one of which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from taxes and these amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amounts become available. The other item relates to the City's retirement plan and is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. Experience differences are deferred and amortized against pension expense over a five-year period, resulting in recognition as a deferred inflow of resources.

N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Bloomingdale Retirement Plan (the "Retirement Plan") and additions to/deductions from the Retirement Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the respective plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

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NOTE 2. LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

A. Budgetary Information

All governmental fund budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The City Council may transfer funds from one object or purpose to another within the same department. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level. The City Council may amend the budget by motion during the fiscal year.

Budget appropriations presented in this report include all legally adopted appropriations as amended during the fiscal year.

B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2020, expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of budgetary control as follows:

General fund:

General government - Mayor and Council	\$ 269
General government - Administration	100,429
Judicial - Municipal Court	50
Public safety - Police	101,664
Public safety - Fire	15,346
Public works - Public maintenance	92,251
Housing and development - building and zoning	24,297

Forfeiture account fund:

Public safety 3,510

These over expenditures were funded primarily by underspending in other departments and unbudgeted revenues.

C. Deficit Fund Balance

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Forfeiture Account Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$809. The fund balance deficit will be reduced through transfers from the General Fund.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Total deposits and investments as of June 30, 2020, are summarized as follows:

Amounts as presented on the entity wide statement of net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,080,223
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	74,805
Amounts as presented on the statement of fiduciary net position:	
Cash	36,963
Exchange traded funds	1,741,686
Total	\$ 6,933,677
Cash deposited with financial institutions	\$ 5,191,991
Investments in exchange traded funds	1,741,686
Total	\$ 6,933,677

As of June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$5,191,991 and the bank balance was \$5,200,620.

Credit risk. State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the State of Georgia or other states; obligations issued by the U.S. government; obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government or by a government agency of the United States; obligations of any corporation of the U.S. government; prime bankers' acceptances; the local government investment pool established by state law; repurchase agreements; and obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia. It is the City's policy to limit its investments to those allowed and authorized by state law.

As of June 30, 2020, the City had investments in Exchange-Traded Products ("ETPs") in the amount of \$1,741,685. All maturities for the ETPs were less than one year.

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy generally limits all operating investments to instruments that mature within one year. Asset investment funds shall be diversified to eliminate risk of loss resulting from the concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer or a specific class of maturities.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all deposits and investments (other than federal and state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities. As of June 30, 2020, the City's deposits were fully collateralized in compliance with the state requirements.

Fair Value Measurements. All of the City's investments fall under Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy and are valued using prices quoted in active market for those securities.

NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES

In the governmental funds, the net receivables collected during the year ended June 30, 2020, and expected to be collected by August 31, 2020, are recognized as revenues for the year ended June 30, 2020, whereas, net receivables estimated to be collectible subsequent to August 31, 2020, are recorded as revenue when received.

Receivables at June 30, 2020, for the City's individual major and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

					Water	
	General	,	SPLOST	ar	nd Sewer	Total
Receivables						
Taxes	\$ 62,000	\$	n =	\$	-	\$ 62,000
Accounts	402,484		1,00		89,678	492,162
Due from other						
governments	9,273		117,388		-	126,661
Less allowance						
for uncollectibles	(165,000)		(19		(892)	(165,892)
Net total receivable	\$ 308,757	\$	117,388	\$	88,786	\$ 514,931

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases Decreases		reases Transfers E	
Governmental activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated Land Construction in progress Total	\$ 1,131,404 62,999 1,194,403	\$ - - -	\$ -	\$ - - -	\$ 1,131,404 62,999 1,194,403
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Buildings	1,870,849	I .e	=	-	1,870,849
Improvements other than buildings	966,647	=	21	-	966,647
Machinery and equipment	1,308,392	11,391	**	-	1,319,783
Vehicles	1,089,673	44,306	100,725		1,234,704
Infrastructure	4,752,129	1-	_		4,752,129
Total	9,987,690	55,697	100,725		10,144,112
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Buildings	(613,283)	(40,973)	*	-	(654,256)
Improvements other than buildings	(466,971)	(56,452)	-	-	(523,423)
Machinery and equipment	(993,224)	(60, 243)	=:	:=	(1,053,467)
Vehicles	(868,257)	(57,033)	(100,725)	III	(1,026,015)
Infrastructure	(1,809,110)	(242,729)	20	7 <u>-</u>	(2,051,839)
Total	(4,750,845)	(457,430)	(100,725)	22	(5,309,000)
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated, net	5,236,845	(401,733)		-	4,835,112
Governmental activities			•	•	0.000.515
capital assets, net	\$ 6,431,248	\$ (401,733)	\$ -	5 -	\$ 6,029,515



NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Beginning Balance	Increases Decreases		Transfers	Ending Balance	
Business-type activities						
Capital assets, not being depreciated Land Total	\$ 59,335 59,335	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 59,335 59,335	
Capital assets, being depreciated Buildings and system Machinery and equipment Vehicles Water treatment capacity Total	3,886,060 619,231 69,400 1,683,147 6,257,838	-		-	3,886,060 619,231 69,400 1,683,147 6,257,838	
Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings and system Machinery and equipment Vehicles Water treatment capacity Total	(2,411,789) (414,627) (69,400) (627,430) (3,523,246)	(85,515) (41,797) - (33,663) (160,975)	-		(2,497,304) (456,424) (69,400) (661,093) (3,684,221)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	2,734,592	(160,975)	:=		2,573,617	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,793,927	\$ (160,975)	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 2,632,952	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the City as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 43,960
Public safety	94,595
Public works	248,496
Culture and recreation	70,379
Total governmental activities	\$ 457,430

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	E	Beginning Balance	 Additions	R	eductions	View -	Ending Balance	 ue Within Ine Year
Governmental activities Compensated absences Net pension liability	\$	96,542 80,128	\$ 18,158 311,931	\$	(18,182) (245,838)	\$	96,518 146,221	\$ 43,433
Governmental activity Long-term liabilities	\$	176,670	\$ 330,089	\$	(264,020)	\$	242,739	\$ 43,433
Business-type activities Compensated absences Net pension liability Business-type activity	\$	1,080 4,175	\$ 1,205 13,351	\$	(972) (11,268)	\$	1,313 6,258	\$ 591
Long-term liabilities	\$	5,255	\$ 14,556	\$	(12,240)	\$	7,571	\$ 591

For governmental activities, compensated absences and the net pension liability are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

NOTE 7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	\$ 356,155
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	11,197
SPLOST	General Fund	11,526
		\$ 378,878

These balances resulted from time lag between the dates the: 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

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NOTE 7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

The composition of interfund transfers as of June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	 Amount
Water and Sewer Fund	General Fund	\$ (1,351)
General Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	240
SPLOST Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	6,500
		\$ 5,389

Transfers are used to: 1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires collecting them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and 2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The City of Bloomingdale Defined Benefit Plan (the "Plan") is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan covering all full-time employees, elected officials, and appointed positions who have attained age 21 and completed one year of service. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death and termination benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City administers the Plan, and responsibilities include pension disbursements and general administration of the Plan through oversight of the City's Pension Board. The City's Pension Board consists of the City's elected officials appointed to the City's budget and finance committee, the City's department heads and the City attorney. The Pension Board has contracted with Raymond James & Associates Inc. to act as custodian of the assets of the Plan. The accounting and financial reporting functions are performed by the City's finance department. The City's General Fund bears most of the Plan's administrative costs.

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides retirement benefits for its members. Benefits vest after five years of service. Normal retirement benefits for general plan members are calculated as 1% of the average monthly compensation multiplied by the number of years of service, plus 0.375% of average monthly compensation in excess of \$833, multiplied by the number of years of service, up to a maximum of 35 years. Average monthly compensation is the quotient of the total compensation of a participant during the 60 consecutive calendar month period of service of highest compensation.



NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

For years of service rendered as an elected official or appointed position, the benefit shall be \$10 per month for each year of service earned as an elected official or appointed position prior to January 1, 2014, plus \$30 per month for each year of service earned as an elected official or appointed position after December 31, 2013.

Normal retirement age is the later of attainment of age 62 or the fifth anniversary of plan participation, or if earlier, attainment of age 57 and 25 years of service. Employees who have attained age 55 with ten or more years of service have the option for early retirement benefits. The Plan also provides for disability and termination benefits.

The Plan's benefit provisions are established and amended by local ordinance.

Employee Participation

At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the Plan:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	4
Inactive plan members entitled to, but not receiving benefits	4
Active plan members	36
Total	44

Contributions

The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 8.95% of annual covered payroll. The City contributes such additional amounts as are necessary, based on actuarial valuations, to provide the Plan with sufficient assets to meet future benefit payments. In 2020, the City contributed \$180,744 (12.14% of covered payroll). Employees do not contribute to the Plan. Total payroll for employees covered under the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2020, was \$1,488,826.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019, with update procedures performed by the actuary to roll forward to the total pension liability measured as of June 30, 2020.

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NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	5.00%
Investment rate of return	7.50%

Mortality rates were based on the 1994 Group Annuity Reserving Tale, projected to 2002.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study dated February 19, 2014. The result was rolled forward using standard actuarial techniques to the measurement date.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the City's contributions will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current and active employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investments expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of July 1, 2019, are summarized in the following table:

Asset class		Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return
Domestic equity		36%	7.50%
International equity		10%	7.50
Domestic fixed income		47%	7.50
Cash		7%	
	Total	100%	

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NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability of the City. The changes in the components of the net pension liability of the City for the year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	To	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Beginning Balance	\$	1,722,096	\$	1,637,793	\$	84,303	
Changes for the year							
Service cost		133,325		=		133,325	
Interest		135,356		-		135,356	
Differences between expected and							
actual experience		43,560		_		43,560	
Contributions - employer		-3		180,744		(180,744)	
Net investment income		-		76,362		(76,362)	
Benefit payments, including refunds	3					,	
of employee contributions		(103,209)		(103,209)		=	
Administrative expense		-		(13,041)		13,041	
Net changes		209,032		140,856	-	68,176	
Ending Balance	\$	1,931,128	\$	1,778,649	\$	152,479	

The required schedule of changes in the City's net pension liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease (6.5%)		Discount Rate (7.5%)		1% Increase (8.5%)		
City's net pension liability	\$	223,649	\$	152,479	\$	85,049	



NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of June 30, 2020, and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and employee.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflow and Inflow of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$158,549, deferred outflows of resources related to the pension plan of \$60,542 resulting from an investment earnings difference between projected and actual investments, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions of \$51,701 resulting from experience differences. The deferred outflow and inflow of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

ear ending June 30:	
2021	\$ 3,103
2022	2,734
2023	(1,580)
2024	(373)
2025	(2,968)
Thereafter	7,925
Total	\$ 8,841

NOTE 9. JOINT VENTURE

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the coastal Georgia area, is a member of the Coastal Regional Commission ("CRC") and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the City paid \$3,527 in such dues. Membership in the CRC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated ("O.C.G.A.") §50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of regional development commissions in Georgia. The CRC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. O.C.G.A. §50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of a regional development commission. Separate financial statements may be obtained from the Coastal Regional Commission, P.O. Box 1917, Brunswick, Georgia 31521.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to: torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has joined together with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund and the Georgia Municipal Association Group Self-Insurance Workers' Compensation Fund, public entity risk pools currently operating as common risk management and insurance programs for member local governments.

As part of these risk pools, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The City is also to allow the pools' agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member City contract and in accordance with the workers' compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense. Settled claims in the past three years have not exceeded the coverages.

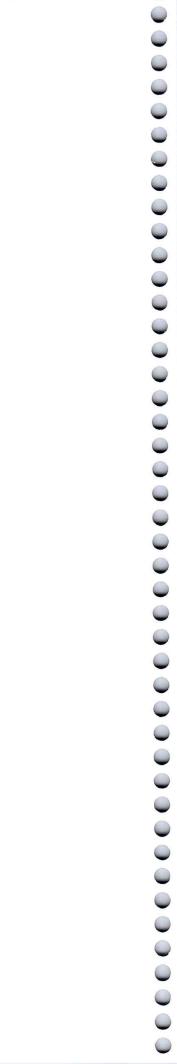
NOTE 11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

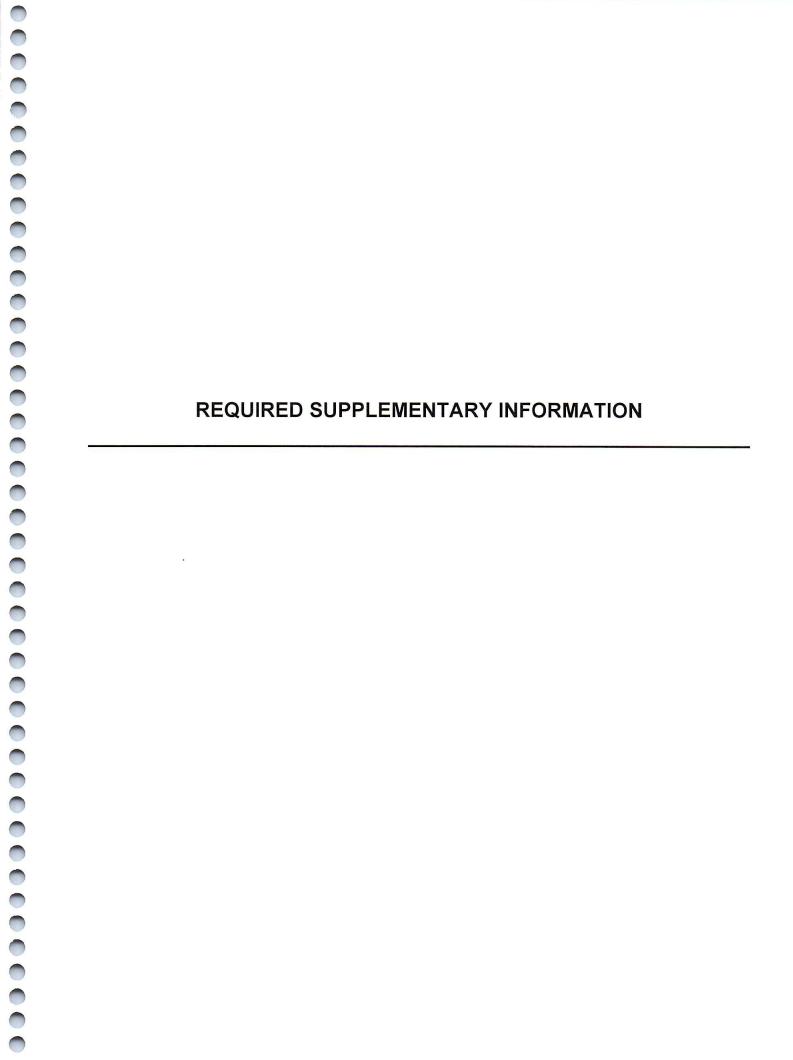
Litigation

The City is a defendant in certain legal actions in the nature of claims for alleged damages to persons and property and other similar types of actions arising in the course of City operations. Liability, if any, which might result from these proceedings, would not, in the opinion of management and legal counsel, have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

Grant Contingencies

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to the disallowance of certain expenditures previously reimbursed by those agencies. Based upon prior experience, management of the City believes such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.





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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability						000 94000.000000000000000000000000000000	ne consportationess
Service cost	\$ 133,325	\$ 135,649	\$ 108,465	\$ 108,465	\$ 114,171	\$ 125,698	\$ 101,543
Interest on total pension liability	135,356	124,878	109,736	107,861	116,009	113,165	104,899
Differences between expected and actual experience	42 EGO	(22.102)	(4.006)	(51 609)	(60.018)	(40,004)	(00.070)
Benefit payments, including refunds	43,560	(33,102)	(4,996)	(51,698)	(69,018)	(18,921)	(68,879)
of employee contributions	(103,209)	(68,196)	(9,860)	(264,779)	(263,436)	(90.955)	(22.400)
Net change in total pension liability	209,032	159,229	203,345	(100,151)	(102,274)	(80,855)	(23,198)
Net change in total pension hability	203,032	155,225	203,343	(100,131)	(102,274)	139,007	114,365
Total pension liability - beginning	1,722,096	1,562,867	1,359,522	1,459,673	1,561,947	1,422,860	1,308,495
Total pension liability - ending (a)	1,931,128	1,722,096	1,562,867	1,359,522	1,459,673	1,561,947	1,422,860
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	180,744	138,736	121,431	123,112	134,304	124,920	104,770
Net investment income	76,362	95,842	75,080	95,395	105,664	54,710	165,890
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of member contributions	(103,209)	(68,196)	(9,860)	(264,779)	(263,436)	(80,855)	(23,198)
Administrative expenses	(13,041)	(11,183)	(13,929)	(13,141)	(13,415)	(13,901)	(11,635)
Net change in plan fiduciary							
net position	140,856	155,199	172,722	(59,413)	(36,883)	84,874	235,827
Plan fiduciary net position							
- beginning	1,637,793	1,482,594	1,309,872	1,369,285	1,406,168	1,321,294	1,085,467
Plan fiduciary net position							
- ending (b)	1,778,649	1,637,793	1,482,594	1,309,872	1,369,285	1,406,168	1,321,294
City's net pension liability -							
ending (a) - (b)	\$ 152,479	\$ 84,303	\$ 80,273	\$ 49,650	\$ 90,388	\$ 155,779	\$ 101,566
chang (a) (b)	- 102,470	Ψ 04,000	00,270	40,000	Ψ 00,000	Ψ 100,770	V 101,000
Plan fiduciary net position							
as a percentage of the							
total pension liability	92.10%	95.1%	94.9%	96.3%	93.8%	90.0%	92.9%
Covered payroll	\$ 1,488,826	\$ 1,422,187	\$ 1,446,826	\$ 1,135,450	\$ 1,179,505	\$ 1,305,039	\$ 1,249,083
Net pension liability as a							
percentage of covered payroll	10.24%	5.9%	5.5%	4.4%	7.7%	11.9%	8.1%

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS – RETIREMENT PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,

		2020		2019		2018	-	2017		2016	s	2015		2014
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	134,737	\$	137,942	\$	108,497	s	117,341	\$	134,134	\$	123,101	\$	114,375
determined contribution	_	180,744	341	138,736	_	121,431		123,112	10	134,304	N 	124,920	_	104,770
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(46,007)	\$	(794)	\$	(12,934)	\$	(5,771)	\$	(170)	\$	(1,819)	\$	9,605
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$	1,488,826	\$	1,422,187	\$	1,446,826	\$	1,135,450	\$	1,179,505	\$	1,305,039	\$	1,249,083
covered payroll		12.1%		9.8%		8.4%		10.8%		11.4%		9.6%		8.4%

Notes to the Schedule:

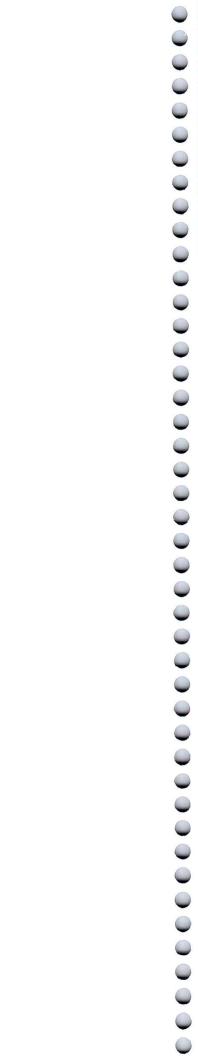
Valuation Date July 1, 2019 Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Assumed Rate of Return
On Investments 7.50%
Projected Salary Increases 5.00%
Inflation 3.00%

Amortization Method Closed level percentage of projected payroll over 15 years

Remaining Amortization Period 15 years

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS – RETIREMENT PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money weighted rate of							
return, net of investment expense	4.67%	6.29%	5.49%	7.53%	8.09%	4.05%	14.88%

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.



COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

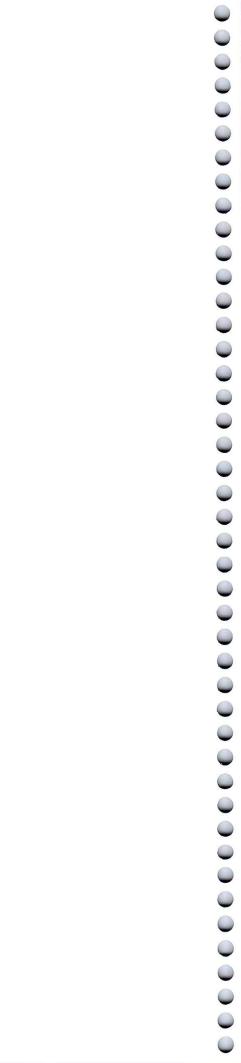
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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

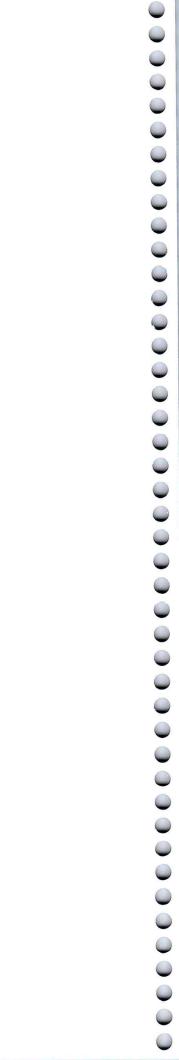
The Fire Department Fund accounts for fund raising efforts by the City's fire department and related expenditure of those funds.

The Forfeiture Account Fund accounts for forfeited assets awarded to the City and the related expenditures.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Speci		
ASSETS	Fire Department	Forfeiture Account Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,402	\$ 10,388	\$ 11,790
Total assets	\$ 1,402	\$ 10,388	\$ 11,790
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
LIABILITIES			
Due to other funds	\$ -	\$ 11,197	\$ 11,197
Total liabilities		11,197	11,197
FUND BALANCE Restricted for:			
Public safety	1,402	-	1,402
Unassigned		(809)	(809)
Total fund balances	1,402	(809)	593
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,402	\$ 10,388	\$ 11,790



COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Fire artment	Ac	rfeiture count und	Gov	Total onmajor ernmental Funds
REVENUES						
Fines and forfeitures	\$		\$	3,181	\$	3,181
Miscellaneous		525			107	525
Total revenues		525		3,181		3,706
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Public safety		(2)		4,510		4,510
			-			.,,,,,
Total expenditures		* ***********************************		4,510		4,510
	,				-	
Net change in fund balances	-	525	_	(1,329)		(804)
Fund balance, beginning of year		877	_	520		1,397
Fund balance, end of year	\$	1,402	\$	(809)	\$	593
n covid material of € a lasts		1, 102	Ψ	(303)	Ψ	393



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FIRE DEPARTMENT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Budget					Varia	nce With	
	0	riginal		Final		ctual	Final Budget		
Revenues		no management			2007				
Miscellanous	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	525	\$	(475)	
Total revenues		1,000		1,000		525	7	(475)	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Public safety		1,000		1,000				1,000	
Total expenditures		1,000		1,000				1,000	
Net change in fund balance		-		-		525		525	
Fund balance, beginning of year	<u> </u>	877		877		877	<u> </u>		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	877	\$	877	\$	1,402	\$	525	

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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FORFEITURE ACCOUNT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

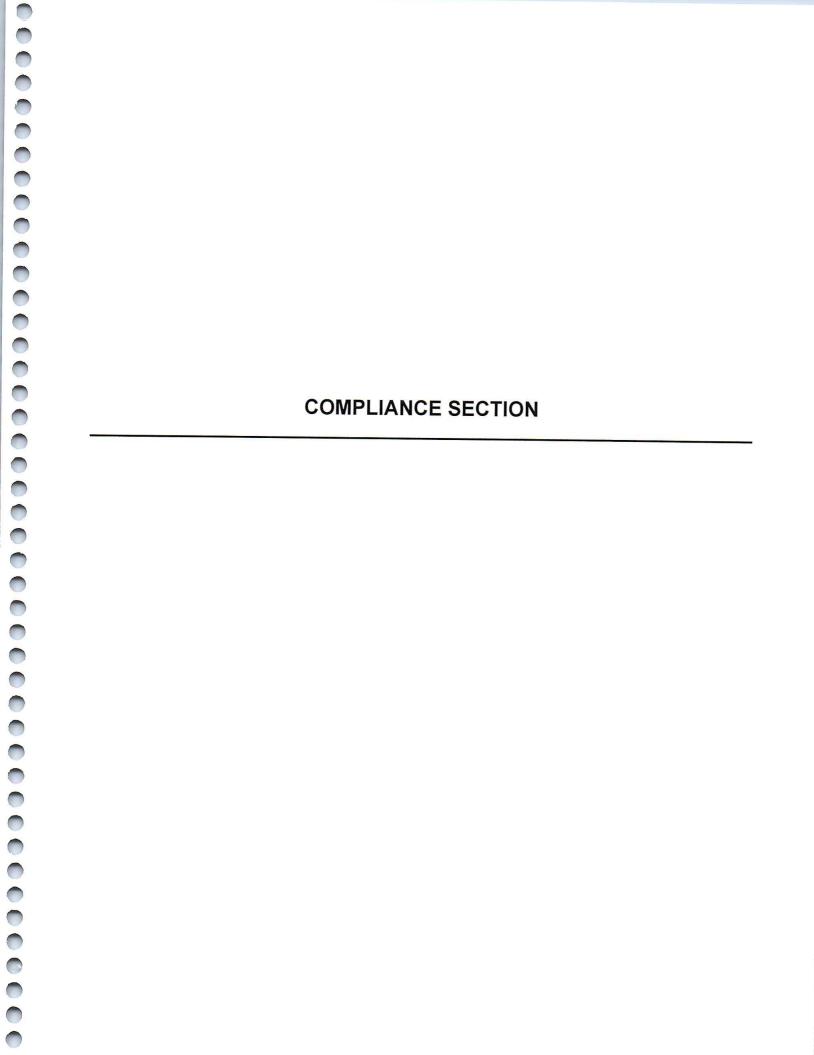
		Bu		Variance With				
	0	riginal		Final	-	Actual	Final Budget	
Revenues	~				200		-	
Fines and forfeitures	\$	1,000		1,000	\$	3,181	\$	2,181
Total revenues		1,000	-	1,000		3,181		2,181
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public safety		1,000		1,000		4,510		(3,510)
Total expenditures		1,000		1,000		4,510		(3,510)
Net change in fund balance (deficit)		-		-		(1,329)		(1,329)
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	520	-	520		520		-
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$	520	\$	520	\$	(809)	\$	(1,329)

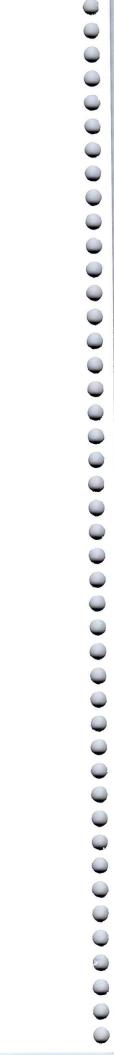
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SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Project Project		Original Estimated Cost		Current Estimated Cost		Prior Years		Current Year		Total	
2014 Resolution	\$	3,200,000	\$	3,200,000	\$	æ	\$	-	\$	_	
General government:											
General administration equipment		-		_		94,759		21,337		116,096	
Rental house renovations				=:		8,729		21,007		8,729	
Public safety:						-,				0,729	
Equipment		=		-		576,375		114,952		691,327	
Public works:								,		001,027	
Equipment		·		_		198,366		20.045		201.011	
Street resurfacing		-		_		427,797		22,945		221,311	
Jimmy DeLoach Parkway relocation)(=		_		49,006		39,535		467,332	
Water meter replacement project				72		128,077		_		49,006	
School pump station upgrade		-		-		3,000		_		128,077 3,000	
Debt service - interest		-		=		22,224		<u>=</u> :		22,224	
Drainage projects:										^	
Phase III drainage project		_		-		310,534		226,415		536,949	
Recreation:										6 5 5	
Veterans monument		<u></u>		<u></u>		6,915				0.045	
Gym		<u></u>		-		84,251		-		6,915	
Rails to trails		=		_		3,689		-		84,251	
Equipment		-		p =		157,727		121,811		3,689 279,538	
				_		1000		.21,011	_	210,000	
Totals	\$	3,200,000	\$	3,200,000	\$	2,071,449	\$	546,995	\$	2,618,444	

Note: The balance in the prior year column has been modified to include the transfer out reported in the City's June 30, 2019 financial statements in order to comply with State requirements.







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Bloomingdale, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **City of Bloomingdale**, **Georgia** (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 22, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as 2020-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The City's Response to the Finding

The City's response to the finding identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Savannah, Georgia April 22, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified				
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified?	YesX_ No				
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	_X_ Yes None Reported				
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes _X_No				
Federal Awards There was not an audit of major federal award programs as of June 30, 2020, due to the total amount expended being less than \$750,000.					
SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS					
2020-001 – Recording Accounts Payable					
Criteria: The City's general ledger is the official record of financial transactions. All accounts payable should be recorded in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and to ensure accurate financial reporting.					
Condition: During our testing of accounts payable, we noted one payable was not properly recorded.					
Cause: Procedures have not been established for recording year-end payables.					
Effect: The City's accounts payable and expenditures were understated at year-end.					
Recommendation: We recommend the City implement procedures to ident year-end.	ify and record accounts payable at				
Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: We concur with the finding and will assist staff with consultation in monthly budget meetings to ensure all payables are recorded in a timely manner.					

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

SECTION III FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Not applicable.



SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

2019-001 - Recording Accounts Payable

Criteria: The City's general ledger is the official record of financial transactions. All accounts payable should be recorded in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and to ensure accurate financial reporting.

Condition: During our testing of accounts payable, we noted numerous payables were not recorded.

Status: Unresolved. See Finding 2020-001



